Please read the following instructions carefully:

- There are **seven problems** in this exam.
- There is **one bonus** problem.
- You have **90 minutes** to complete the exam
- The point distribution is given in the table below.
- Please write each solution on a separate page.
- You must have your camera on during the exam.
- This is a **closed book, closed notes exam**. You must not consult any resource while attempting the exam.
- Upload your work to Gradescope.
- Submitting the exam implies you abide by the honor pledge stated below:

I pledge on my honor that I have not given or received any unauthorized assistance on this quiz/examination

• Here are some formulas/identities you may find useful:

$$\int \tan(x) \; dx = -\ln|\cos x| + C, \qquad \int \sec \theta \; d\theta = \ln|\sec \theta + \tan \theta| + C \qquad 1 + \tan^2(x) = \sec^2(x)$$

Question:	I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Total
Points:	IO	О	70						

I. (10 points) Compute the following integral:

$$\int x \tan^2(x) \ dx$$

2. (10 points) Compute the following integral:

$$\int e^{3x} \cos(x) \ dx$$

3. (10 points) Compute the following integral:

$$\int \tan^6(x) \sec^4(x) \ dx.$$

4. (10 points) Compute the following integral:

$$\int \frac{dx}{(4-x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

5. (10 points) Compute the following integral:

$$\int \frac{2x+3}{x(x-3)(x+3)} \ dx.$$

6. (10 points) Write an approximation using the trapezoidal rule for the integral,

$$\int_0^4 e^{x^3} dx$$

using  $n=4\,\mathrm{sub}$ -intervals. Do NOT find the final numerical answer.

7. Determine whether the following improper integrals converge:

(a) (5 points)

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{x} \, dx$$

(b) (5 points)

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x^3} \ dx$$

8. (5 points (bonus)) In class we argued that integration by parts can be used to compute reduction formulas for some integrals. Can you compute the reduction formula for

$$I_n = \int e^{ax} \sin^n(x) \ dx ?$$